Docket No.: 20647/0203621-US0

REMARKS

The specification has been amended in accordance with 37 CFR §1.78 to make reference to the International Application from which this application originates.

Claims 1 - 18 are pending in the present application. Claims 7-8 and 11-14 have been amended to remove multiple dependency. Claims 15-18 have been added to restore subject matter removed by the amendment to claims 7-8 and 11-14.

No new matter is added as a result of this amendment.

In view of the above amendment, applicant believes the pending application is in condition for allowance.

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Respectfully submitted,

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TITLE

Modified antiviral peptides with increased activity and cell membrane affinity

CROSS-REFERENCE TO PRIOR APPLICATIONS

This is a U.S. national phase application under 35 U.S.C. §371 of International Patent

Application No. PCT/EP2004/005563 filed on May 20, 2004, and claiming priority to British

Application 0311565.6 filed May 20, 2003 and British Application 0319514.6 filed August

20, 2003, all of which are incorporated by reference herein in their entirety. The International Application was published in English on December 2, 2004 as WO 2004/104031 A2 under PCT Article 21(2).

DESCRIPTION

The invention relates to compounds with increased antiviral activity, in particular increased anti-HIV activity, due to the covalent graft on the original antiviral molecule of a structure capable of cell membrane interaction and/or crossing.

Background

Multiple branch peptide contstructions (MBPCs) comprise a core matrix to which small peptides are bonded. The core matrix is a dendritic polymer which is branched in nature, preferably with each of the branches thereof being identical. Although other core molecules are possible, the preferred core molecule is lysine. The core matrix can be built up from a central lysine residue, sometimes called the root of the MBPC. Two lysine residues are bonded to the central lysine residue, each through its carboxyl group to a different one of the amino groups of the central lysine residue. This provides a molecule with four amino groups, which may be the core matrix for an MBPC having four peptides. Alternatively by bonding a further four lysine residues, each through its carboxyl group to a different one of the said four amino groups, one can provide a molecule with eight branches. This molecule can serve as the core matrix for an MBPC having eight peptides or can alternatively receive eight lysine residues in the manner described above to form a core matrix for an MBPC having sixteen peptides. The C-ends of peptides are covalently bonded to each of the branches of the core matrix to form the MBPC. The peptides may be the same, which is preferred, or may be

different from one another. The resulting molecule has a cluster of peptides at the surface and an interior core matrix which is not presented and is therefore not antigenic.

Spacers may, if desired, be included between the peptides and the core matrix. The carboxyl group of the first lysine residue may be left free, amidated, or coupled to a blocking compound such as β -alanine (β -aminopropionic acid). Peptides can include D or L-amino acid residues. D amino acids last longer in vivo because they are harder for peptidase to cut, but the L amino acids have better activity. Moreover, peptide analogues, synthetic constructs using the carbon skeleton of peptides but omitting the -CONH- peptide bonds, can be employed in place of peptides. Thus, it should be understood that references to peptides herein may also be taken to include peptide analogues. It is believed that peptide analogues will be more resistant to peptidase and last longer in vivo. If the peptide is too long, the MBPC will become antigenic. It is therefore desirable that each peptide should have not more than ten, and preferably not more than nine, amino acid residues.

MBPCs for use in the treatment of HIV infections were first described by J-M. Sabatier et al in WO 95/07929. The MBPCs described therein have peptides which contain the sequence GPGR (from the V3 loop of the surface envelope glycoprotein gp120 of HIV) preceded by from 0 to 4 amino acid residues and succeeded by from 2 to 4 amino acid residues. The amino acid sequences IGPGR and IXXGPGR (where X is an amino acid residue) are excluded. The most preferred of these MBPCs has a lysine residue core with eight peptides GPGRAF bonded thereto. It may be represented as (GPGRAF)₈-K₄-K₂-K-βA-OH, the OH terminal indicating the carboxyl group of the β-alanine. That carboxyl group may alternatively be modified to form a carboxamide terminal. This compound is referred to herein as SPC3.

In WO 98/29443, J-M Sabatier et al described further MBPCs which may be effective in the treatment of HIV infection. These use peptides derived from the HIV envelope transmembrane glycoprotein gp41. The peptides contain the sequence RQGY preceded by from 0 to 4 amino acid residues and succeeded by from 2 to 4 amino acid residues. The most preferred of these MBPCs has a lysine residue core with eight peptides RQGYSPL bonded thereto. It may be represented as (RQGYSPL)₈-K₄-K₂-K-βA-OH, the OH terminal indicating the carboxyl group of the β-alanine. That carboxyl group may alternatively be modified to

form a carboxamide terminal. This compound is referred to herein as RL, although it has in the past also been referred to as SPC RL and as RL41.

Subsequently to WO 98/29443, it was established that the MBPC (RQGYSPL)₂-K- β A (hereinafter RL dimer) is effective but that the MBPC (RQGYSP)₂-K- β A is less so. This was thought to confirm the lower limit of 6 amino acids in the peptide branches of the MBPCs. However, K Mabrouk et al showed in WO 03/095479 that some shorter peptides could be used, in particular (RQGYS)₂-K- β A-OH (hereinafter RS, but in the past also referred to as Short RL) and (RQGY)₈-K₄-K₂-K- β A-OH.

SPC3 and RL both have 8 branches and are described as octomers. RS has two branches, and is described as a dimer. None of the monomers, that is the linear peptides GPGRAF, RQGYSPL and RQGYS, has ever shown any activity.

Anti HIV agents such as SPC3 and RL have been shown to block the fusion step of retroviral infection through direct interaction with cell membrane receptors; other anti fusion agents such as enfuvirtide and T-1249 (Trimeris Inc) interact directly with the viral envelope glycoproteins. The activity of the latter depends on the structure of such glycoproteins, and therefore on the viral strain. Ultimately, molecules that interfere directly with viral glycoproteins will lead to the selection of resistant strains. On the contrary, molecules which are able to block cell membrane receptors should not lead to viral selection, as all strains will be similarly inhibited.

Cell receptor blocking HIV inhibitors may interact with the surface of such receptors (for instance CxCR4 or CCR5) but also with intra membrane components of said receptors, or even with sub-membrane sites or events.

As an example, SPC3, which is an extremely water-soluble peptide, has an anti HIV activity in vitro on C8166 cultured cells as well as on peripheral blood lymphocytes (PBL) and on macrophages. B de Rougé in WO 99/34777 showed that this activity is increased 5 to 50 times when SPC3 is associated with certain types of liposomes, probably because of better interaction with cell membranes. However, SPC3 is a polymerized peptide of 56 amino-acid residues. Its association with liposomes is difficult and the yield is not perfect, leading to cost

increases as well as technical risks. Other means of improving the efficacy of molecules like SPC3 have therefore been sought.

The invention

The invention provides a compound comprising a water soluble antiviral peptide including one of the sequences GPG and RQGY and, bonded to the C-end of the peptide, a terminator which is either (a) an ω -amino-fatty acid having from 4 to 10 carbon atoms and from 0 to 2 carbon-carbon double bonds or (b) a peptidic cell membrane penetrating agent.

The antiviral peptide may be an MBPC with a lysine core matrix. In such a case the terminator is bonded to the root lysine residue. The MBPCs described above may be used, that is to say SPC3 which has 8 branches of GPGRAF, RL which has 8 branches of RQGYSPL and RS which has 2 branches of RQGYS. However, the improvement resulting from the bonding of the terminator to the C-end of the antiviral peptide is so great that SPC3 and RL can be reduced to two branches (SPC3 dimer and RL dimer, respectively), or even to one branch (SPC3 monomer and RL monomer, respectively), while RS may also be reduced to one branch (RS momomer). Further work has even indicated that SPC3 monomer (GPGRAF) may be shortened to GRGRA, GPGR or GPC. As these are much smaller molecules, they are much easier and cheaper to make and are preferred for that reason.

The ω -amino-fatty acid is preferably saturated. Longer chains than 10 carbon atoms are unnecessary as the effect is obtained with less, and longer chains may be too lipidic. The preferred length is from 4 to 8 carbon atoms, and more preferably from 4 to 6 carbon atoms. The most preferred ω -amino-fatty acids are γ -aminobutyric acid, δ -aminovaleric acid and ϵ -aminocaproic acid.

The peptidic cell membrane penetrating agent is suitably a TAT-derived peptide, penetratin® or Kpam, although other peptides may also be suitable.

Experimental

We first synthesized SPC3 octomers, with the graft of saturated fatty acid chains of increasing length, from 4 to 8 carbons, on the core lysine residue; and SPC3 octomers with three different peptide chains on the lysine residue: a TAT-derived peptide, penetratin, and Kpam peptide, all reported to enhance membrane penetration and crossing. We tested the above molecules on C8166 cells infected with NL 4-3 HIV strain, then on PBL with the same strain. Results are shown in Tables 1 and 2.

When positive results were observed, further attempts were made to test whether the graft of membrane affinity chains on the water soluble peptides could allow for a reduction in their size without losing efficacy (SPC3, RL and their derivatives are polymers, often octomers, of small peptides; the monomers have been shown to be inactive), with a view of cost-containment. To this end we synthesized monomers and dimers of the sequences of SPC3, RL and RS, with the addition of the preferred grafted sequence, and tested them on C8166, PBL and PBMC. Results are shown in Tables 3 to 5.

We also synthesized shortened peptides related to SPC3 monomer, which is GPGRAF, in particular GRGRA, GPGR and GPG and tested these with a δ -aminovaleric acid terminator. These were tested twice, 8 days apart, on C8166 cells against HIV-1 NL 4-3 (results are shown in Tables 6 and 7) and on C8166 cells against HIV-1 NDK (results are shown in Table 8).

Whilst the experiments conducted so far are *in vitro*, it is expected that the modifications made in this invention will lead to better availability of the compounds in the lymphatic system *in vivo*.

Test Methods

Cells and viruses.

HIV-1 NL 4-3 isolate (Adachi et al.,1986; Barré-Sinoussi et al.,1983) and highly cytopathic Zairian HIV-1 NDK isolate (Ellrodt et al.,1984) was propagated in permissive CEM cells (Nara et al.,1987). Uninfected CEM and C8166 (Salahuddin et al.,1983) were maintained in

RPMI 1640 (R10) with ultraglutamine (cambrex, Vervier, Belgium), penicillin (100 U/ml), streptomycin (100µg/ml), and 10% heat-inactivated fetal calf serum (Cambrex).

Peripheral blood lymphocytes from an HIV-1 negative donor were grown as described earlier, maintained in RPMI 1640 with ultraglutamine, supplemented with IL2 (20 μ g/ml), penicillin (100 U/ml), streptomycin (100 μ g/ml), and 10% heat- inactivated fetal calf serum. Cells were stimulated three days in the medium supplemented with phytohemagglutinin (20 U/ml PHA P, DIFCO, Detroit MI).

HIV-1 infection of C8166 cells

Samples of 3 x 10⁵ /100 μL C8166 cells were preincubated in 96-well microtiter plates in culture medium containing various concentrations of peptide. After a 1 h treatment at 37°C, 100 μl of diluted viral solution of HIV-1 was added. The cells were exposed to the virus for 1 h at 37°C at a multiplicity of infection of 1000 TCID₅₀ per ml. The cells were washed three times and cultured at 3 x 10⁵ /ml of R10 with the treatment in 24-well plates incubated at 37°C. C8166 culture medium was replaced at Day-4 post-infection. The treatment was permanent before virus adsorption, during virus adsorption and after infection. Assays on C8166 cells have been performed at least twice and in duplicate. Toxicity was evaluated by daily cell count and trypan-blue exclusion assay. Infection of C8166 T-cells with HIV-1 was assessed by virus-induced cytopathic effects (syncytia formation) and by quantification of cell free p24 viral protein in the culture supernatants. Measurements of HIV-1 p24gag concentration in the culture supernatants were achieved by ELISA (ALLIANCE® HIV-1 p24 kit, Perkin Elmer, life sciences, USA).

Infection of human peripheral blood lymphocytes (PBL)

Samples of 10⁶/100 µL PBL cells were preincubated in 96-well microtiter plates in culture medium containing various concentrations of peptides. After a 1 h treatment at 37°C, 100 µl of diluted viral solution of HIV-1 was added. The cells were exposed to the virus for 1 h at 37°C at a multiplicity of infection of 1000 TCID₅₀ per ml. The cells were washed three times and cultured at 110⁶ /ml of medium with the treatment in 24-well plates incubated at 37° in culture medium with the peptides in 5% CO2. The treatment was permanent before virus adsorption, during virus adsorption and after infection. The PBL culture medium was replaced every 3-4 days during three weeks always in the presence of peptide. The cell viability was assessed by cell counts and trypan-blue exclusion assay. The viral production in the culture supernatant was quantified by p24 ELISA test, as described earlier. All the experiments have been done in blind-tests. Tests have been done in duplicate.

Results

Table 1

Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV-1NL-4-3

81	Day 4	P24(pg/ml)	Day S	Day6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
5μΜ	-TOX	NEG	-TOX	-TOX	-TOX	72
•	-TOX	NEG	-TOX	-TOX	-TOX	73
2 μΜ	-	19	-	-	-	NEG
	<u>-</u>	46	-	•		223
1 μΜ	-	14	(+)	+	+	188
	-	10		-	-	169
0.5 μΜ	-	40	-	+	+	234
	-	45	(+)	+	+	75
\$2	Day 4	P23(pg/ml)	DayS	Day6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
5μΜ	-TOX	NEG	-TOX	TOX	TOX	ND
2 3.6	-TOX	NEG NEG	-TOX	TOX	TOX	NEG
2 μΜ	-	NEG	•	-	-	24
1 μΜ	-	NEG		-	-	181
ι μινι	_	NEG	-	_		245
0.5 μΜ	<u> </u>	NEG	-		+	150
0.5 μινι	_	NEG	-	-	+	73
88	Day4	P29(pg/ml)	DayS	Day6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
5μΜ	- 20,0	NEG	-	-	-	28
- P-1-2	-	NEG	-	-	-	189
2 μΜ	-	NEG	-	-	-	18
•	-	NEG	-	-	-	7
1 μΜ	-	NEG	-	-	-	9
	-	15		-	+	234
0.5 μΜ	-	NEG	-	•	+	97
	-	7	-	•	(+)	NEG
SX)	Day4	P20(101/101)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P24(fpg/ml)
5μΜ	-	NEG	+	+	++	21120
	-	12	+	+	++	15674
2 μΜ	-	17	+	+	++	17872
1 37	-	14 96	+ +	+	++	24806 19801
1 μΜ	-	244	+	++	++	21640
0.5 μΜ	<u>-</u>	43	+	+	++	19801
υ.5 μινι		28	+	+	++	25000
85	Day4	P24(pg/ml)	DayS	DayG	Day 7	P20(pg/ml)
10 μM	22370	NEG			2.437.7	
10 μ				-		
	-		-	-	-	81
5 uM	-	NEG	- -		-	81 134
5 μΜ			- - -	- - -	+	81
	- - -	NEG NEG	- - -	- - -	-	81 134 . 66 71 206
5 μM 2 μM	- - - -	NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG	-	- - - -	-	81 134 . 66 71 206 76
	- - - - -	NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG	-	- - - - - -	-	81 134 . 66 71 206 76 NEG
2 μM 1 μM	- - - - -	NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG	-	- - - - - -	-	81 134 . 66 71 206 76 NEG 152
2 μΜ	- - - - - - - -	NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG		- - - - -	- + - - - +	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	-	NEG		- - - - - - - - -	- + - - + - +	81 134 . 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	- Day4	NEG	- - - - - Day(5)	- - - - - - - Day G	- + - - - + - - Day 7	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	-	NEG		- - - - - - - - -	- + - - + - +	81 134 . 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml)
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM S6 10 μM	- Day4	NEG	- - - - - Day/S	- - - - - - - Day6	- + - - + - + Day 7	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	- Day4	NEG	- - - - - Day(5)	- - - - - - - Day G	- + - - - + - - Day 7	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM S6 10 μM 5 μM	- Day4	NEG	- - - - - Day/S	- - - - - - - Day6	- + - - + - + Day 7	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG NEG NEG
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM S6 10 μM	- Day4) - - - - - -	NEG	- - - - - - - Day S	- - - - - - - Day6	- + + + +	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM S6 10 μM 5 μM 2 μM	- Day4	NEG	- - - - - - - Day S - - -	- - - - - - - Day 6 - - - - - -	- + + + +	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM S6 10 μM	- Day4) - - - - - -	NEG	- - - - - - - Day S	- - - - - - - Day 6 - - - - - - (+)	- + + + + + + + + +	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG 164 218
2 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM S6 10 μM 5 μM 2 μM	- Day4) - - - - - -	NEG	- - - - - - - Day S - - -	- - - - - - - Day 6 - - - - - -	- + + + +	81 134 66 71 206 76 NEG 152 NEG 233 P23(pg/ml) NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG NEG

Table 1 (continued)

AVAT	Day 4	P24(pg/ml)	Days	Day 6	Day 7	P26(p9/ml)
1 μΜ	-	NEG	-	-	-	NEG
·	-	NEG	-	•	-	NEG
SPCI	Day 4	P24(fp:/ml)	Days	Day 6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-	NEG	-	-	-	NEG
L	-	NEG	-	-	-	NEG
2 μΜ	-	17	(+)	+	++	7589
		6	(+)-	+	++	14787
TCell	-	NEG	-	•	-	NEG
	-	NEG	-	-	-	NEG
NL4-3 1/1000	(+)	244	+	++	++	25000
	(+)	244	+	++	++	25000

Key

S1: SPC3-(η -aminocaprylic acid)S4 SPC3-(ϵ -aminocaproic acid)S2: SPC3-PenetratinS5: SPC3-(δ -aminovaleric acidS3: SPC3-TatS6: SPC3-(γ -aminobutyric acid)

++, +, (+), (+)- and - represent decreasing numbers of syncitia formed

<u>Table 2</u>

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV NL-4-3

S2	Day 4	P24(pg/ml)	Deys	Day 6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
1μM	-	NEG	-	-	-	67
	-	NEG	-	-	-	19
0.5 μΜ	-	2	-	-	+	91
,	-	2	-	-	(+)	115
0.1 μΜ	(+)	75	+	+	++	596
,	(+)	7	+	+	++	113
0.05 μΜ	(+)	143	+	++	++	2923
	(+)	28	++	++	++	468
83	Day4	P24(109/mb)	Day S	Day6	Day 7	P 20 (pg/ml)
1μM	-	3	•	-	-	327
,	-	1	-	-	-	746
0.5 μΜ		14	-	-	(+)	189
,	-	2	-	-	+	72
0.1 μΜ	(+)	61	-	+	++	787
,	(+)	33	+	, +	++	496
0.05 μΜ	(+)	261	+	++	++	3664
	(+)	94	+	++	++	2064
SS	Day 4	P24(pg/mb)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P 243 (fog/ml)
1 μΜ	-	44	-	-	-	39
	-	18	-		(+)	385
0.5 μΜ	-	9	-	(+)	+	39
,	-	58		-	+	72
0.1 μΜ	(+)	8	+	++	++	435
,	(+)	73	+	++	++	137
0.05 μΜ	(+)	66	+	++	++	3185
1	(+)	33	+	++	++	2159

Table 2 (continued)

S6 · · ·	Day (P.23 (pg/ml)	Days	Days	Day 7	P24(pg/ml)
1 μM	-	36	-	-	-	54
, i		17	-	-	-	1668
0.5 μΜ	-	14	-	(+)	+	493
	<u>-</u>	54	-	-	+	288
0.1 μΜ	(+)	90	+	+	++	1957
	(+)	14	+	++	++	613
0.05 μΜ	(+)	21	+	++	++	1271
	(+)	303	+	++	++	1022
**************************************	Day 4	P 24 (pg/ml)	Day 5:	Day 6	Day 7	P.24 (pg/ml)
5 μM	-	NEG	-	-	+	7
		NEG	-	+	++ .	105
1 μΜ	(+)	44	+	++	++	7191
	(+)	19	+	++	++	641
AZT	Day 4	P 24 (pg/ml) •	Day 5	Day 6	Day 7	P 23 (pg/ml)
1 μΜ	-	NEG	-	•	-	1
	-	NEG	•	-	-	NEG
SPC3	Day4	P23(pg/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P 24 (pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-	NEG	(+)	+	++	288
	-	NEG	(+)	+	++	342
1 μΜ	(+)	35	+	++	++	3943
	(+)	11	+	++	++	1297
TCell	-	NEG	-	-	-	NEG
	-	NEG	-	-	-	NEG
NL4-3 1/1000	(+)	303	++	++	++	25000
	(+)	184	++	++	++	25000

S1-S6 as above, S7: SPC3-Kpam

++, +, (+), (+)- and – represent decreasing numbers of syncitia formed.

All tested analogues showed an increased activity as compared to SPC3 (between 5 and 150 fold).

Similar results were obtained on PBL:

IC ₁₀₀	S1	S2	S3	S4	S5	S6	SPC3
	0.1 μΜ	0.01 μΜ	0.1 μΜ	0.5 μΜ	0.01 μΜ	0.01 μΜ	2 μΜ

The best agents were S5 and S6, SPC3-(δ -aminovaleric acid) and SPC3-(γ -aminobutyric acid) respectively, with an IC₅₀ of 0.1 to 0.01 μ M and no toxicity on cells at doses up to 10 μ M.

Table 3

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV-1 subtype B NL 4-3

Name	Formula	IC ₅₀ (plM)
SPC3	(GPGRAF) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.5
SPC3 dimer valeric acid	(GPGRAF) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.05
SPC3 monomer	GPGRAF	>10
SPC3 monomer valeric acid	GPGRAF-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.02
RL	(RQGYSPL) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.01
RL dimer	(RQGYSPL) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.02
RL monomer	RQGYSPL	0.5
RL dimer valeric acid	(RQGYSPL) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.05
RL monomer valeric acid	RQGYSPL-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.05
RS	(RQGYS) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.1
RS monomer	RQGYS	0.2
RS dimer valeric acid	(RQGYS) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.05
RS monomer valeric acid	RQGYS-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.2

The above table shows that the graft of a valeric acid root on monomers of the peptides RL and SPC3 increases their activity on C8166 cells. In the case of SPC3, the activity becomes greater than that of the original polymerized peptide.

Table 4

Experiment on PBL with NL 4-3 strain

Name	Formula	IC ₅₀	IC_{100}
		(MM))	(MM))
SPC3	(GPGRAF) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.01	0.1
SPC3 monomer valeric acid	GPGRAF-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.02	0.1
RL	(RQGYSPL) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.005	0.1
RL dimer	(RQGYSPL) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.01	0.1
RL dimer valeric acid	(RQGYSPL) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.005	0.05
RL monomer valeric acid	RQGYSPL-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.01	1

The results show that monomers or dimers of the original peptides have an activity comparable to that of the octomers. SPC3 monomer valeric acid has an IC_{100} of $0.1\mu M$, as compared to $2\mu m$ for normal SPC3, and $0.5 \mu M$ for SPC3 valeric acid. This is of importance as SPC3 contains 56 amino-acid residues, whereas the monomer contains only 6.

Table 5

Experiment on PBMC with HIV-1 89.6 subtype B dualtropic (X4R5)

Name	Formula	IC ₅₀	IC100
		(MM)	(MM))
SPC3	(GPGRAF) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.06	0.5
SPC3 dimer valeric acid	(GPGRAF) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.008	0.5
SPC3 monomer valeric acid	GPGRAF-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.01	0.5
RL	(RQGYSPL) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.006	0.05
RL dimer valeric acid	(RQGYSPL) ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.01	0.5
RL monomer valeric acid	RQGYSPL-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.01	0.1

<u>Table 6</u>

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV NL-4-3

GPG	Day 4	P24(pg/mb)	Day S	Day 6	Day7	P24(107/ml)
5 μΜ	-		•	-	-	1
·			<u>-</u>	-	-	5
1 μΜ	-		-	-	-	3.8
·	-		-	•	-	5.4
0.5 μΜ	-		-	-	-	7.9
	-		-	-	-	18
0.1μΜ	-		-	-	+	525
	-		<u>-</u>	-	+	5764
0.05μΜ	-		-	(+)	+	7330
	-		•	(+)	+	9810
0.01μΜ	-		(+)	+	++	13850
	-		(+)	+	++	11756
0.005μΜ	-		+	++	++/T	23810
			+	++	++/T	23810
OFG Official	Day4	P24(pg/ml)	Day S	Day6	Day 7	P24 (pg/ml)
5 μM						5.6
S µivi	_		_	_	_	3.2
1 μΜ	_				-	5.636
1 1111	_		_	l <u>.</u>	_	4.8
0.5 μΜ			_	_	-	3.5
0.5 μ	_		_	_	_	5.6
0.1μΜ			_	(+)	+	126
011,411.1	_		_	(+)	+	3810
0.05μΜ				(+)	+	1850
			_	(+)	+	9867
0.01μΜ			+	+	++	11810
	_		+	+	++	13740
0.005μΜ	-		+	++	++/T	23810
	-		+	++	++/T	23810

Table 6 (continued)

GPGR.	Day4	P 243 (pg/mb)	Days	Day 6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-		-	•	-	9.425
	-		-	<u> </u>		3.375
1 μΜ	-		-	-	+	1103
0.5 μΜ	-		-	-	+	485 2507
υ.5 μινι	-		-	- -	+	2840
0.1μΜ	-		(+)	+	+	5810
	-		(+)	+	+	10110
0.05μΜ	-		+	+	++	2507
0.01.14	-		+	++	++	13870 23810
0.01μΜ			+	++	++	23810
0.005μΜ	-		++	++	++/T	23810
	•		++	++	++/T	23810
GPGR	Day4	P24(pg/ml)	Days	Day6	Day 7	P24(pg/ml)
valerie acid						2.36
5 μΜ			- -	_	- -	2.30
1 μΜ	_		-	+	+	104
_ ,	-			-	+	179
0.5 μΜ	-		-	-	+	105
	-		- (1)	-	+	510
0.1μΜ	-		(+) (+)	+ +	+ +	433 507
0.05μΜ	-		(+)	+	++	9840
	-		(+)	+	++	11830
0.01μΜ			+	++	++	21800
	-		+	++	++	23810
0.005μΜ	-		++	++	++	23810 23810
(ARCALLA)	Days	P20(be/mb)				
GRGRA 5 µM	Day4	P23(p2/mb)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P24(pg/ml) 3.62
5 μΜ	-	P24(p9/ml)	DayS - -	Day 6 - -	Day 7 - -	3.62 13
		P20(pg/mD)	Day S	Day 6	Day7	3.62 13 2.9
5 μM 1 μM	-	P24(17/mD)	DayS - -	<u>Day 6</u> - - - -	Day 7 - -	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2
5 μΜ	-	P24(17/mD)	DayS - -	Day 6 - -	Day 7	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1
5 μM 1 μM	- - - -	P24(17/mD)	Day/S	+	Day 7 +	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	- - - - - - -	P29(17/1111)	Day/S (+) (+)	- Day6 + +	Day7 + +	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	- - - - -	P24(17/mD)	Day/S (+) (+) (+)	+ + +	Day7 + +	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM	- - - - - - -	P21(17/mD)	Day/S (+) (+) (+) (+)	+ + + +	Day7 + ++ ++	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	- - - - - - -	P21(17/mD)	Day/S (+) (+) (+)	+ + +	Day7 + ++ ++/T ++/T	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM	- - - - - - - - -	P21(17/mD)	Day/S (+) (+) (+) + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		DayS (+) (+) (+) + + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM	- - - - - - - - - -	P24(py/ml)	Day/S (+) (+) (+) + +	Day6 + + + + + ++	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		DayS (+) (+) (+) + + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T	3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valerfoacid 5 μM	- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -		DayS (+) (+) (+) + + + + DayS	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valerfo acfd			DayS	Day6 + + + + + + Day6	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T +	## P24 (pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24 (pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GRGRA valerfo acid 5 μM 1 μM			DayS	Day6 + + + + + Day6	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T Day7	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GRGRA valerie acid 5 μM			DayS	Day6 + + + + + Day6	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T Day7	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GRGRA valerfo acid 5 μM 1 μM			DayS	Day6 + + + + + Day6	Day7 + + ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T Day7	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2 2.2 2352
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valente acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM			DayS	Day6 + + + + + Day6	Day 7 + + + ++/T ++/T +	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2 2.2 2352 1011
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GRGRA valerfeacid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM			DayS	Day6 + + + + + Day6	Day 7 + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2 2.2 2352 1011 6830
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valente actid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM			DayS	Day 6 + + + + + Day 6	Day 7 + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2 2.2 2352 1011 6830 3820
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valente acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM			DayS	Day6 + + + + + Day6	Day 7	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2 2.2 2352 1011 6830 3820 13030
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valente actid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM			DayS	Day 6 + + + + + Day 6	Day 7 + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 3.62 13 2.9 3.2 2.1 2.1 2838 2435 4230 8910 15650 16810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 2.7 1.8 2.3 1.9 2 2.2 2352 1011 6830 3820

Table 6 (continued)

SPC3	Day 4	P24(pg/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P24(py ml)
regregations						
5 μΜ	-		-	-	-	3
	-		-	-	•	3
1 μΜ	-		-	-	(+)	325
'	-		-	-	(+)	445
0.5 μΜ	•		-	(+)	+	1840
	-		-	(+)	+	2830
0.1μΜ	-		(+)	+	++	11810
·			(+)	++	++	1507
0.05μΜ	•		+	++	++	3810
	-		+	++	++	21810
0.01μΜ	-		+	++	++ /T	21810
· .	-		+	++	++/T	21810
0.005μΜ	-		+	++	++ /T	23810
	•	i	+	++	++/T	23810
SPCS	Day4	P24(pg/ml)	DayS	Day6	Day 7	P20(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	_			_	_	3
			_	_	_ -	
	-		•	<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	3
1 μΜ	<u>-</u>		-	-	(+)	3 1692
1 μΜ	- · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		- -	•	(+) (+)	3 1692 776
	- - -			(+)	(+) (+) +	3 1692 776 5173
1 μM 0.5 μM	-		- - -	(+) (+)	(+) + +	3 1692 776 5173 4840
1 μΜ			- - - (+)	(+) (+) +	(+) + + ++	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	-		- - (+) (+)	(+) (+) + ++	(+) + + ++	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850
1 μM 0.5 μM			- - - (+)	(+) (+) +	(+) + + + ++ ++	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM			- - (+) (+) + +	(+) (+) (+) + ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM			- - (+) (+) + +	- (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM			- (+) (+) + + +	· (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM			- (+) (+) + + + +	- (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM			- (+) (+) + + +	· (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM			- (+) (+) + + + + +	- (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM			- (+) (+) + + + +	- (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM	- - - - - - - - - - - - -		- (+) (+) (+) + + + + +	- (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810 3 3
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM	- - - - - - - -		- (+) (+) + + + + +	- (+) (+) + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	(+) + + ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	3 1692 776 5173 4840 17810 19850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810

<u>Table 7</u>

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV NL-4-3

® :®	Day 4	P20(p p/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P24(69/ml)
5 μΜ	-		-	-	-	2
-	•	1	-	-	<u> </u>	79
1 μΜ	-		-	-	(+)	42
·			-		(+)	62
0.5 μΜ	•		-	-	(+)	126
	-			-	(+)	165
0.1μΜ	-	1	-	(+)	+	807
	-		-	(+)	+	1506
0.5μΜ	-		-	(+)	+	1810
·	-		-	(+)	+	3810
0.01μΜ	(+)		(+)	+	++	9810
•	(+)		(+)	+	++	15810

Table 7 (continued)

GPG velenteedd	Day4	P20(pg/ml)	Days	DayG	Day 7	P20(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-		-	-	-	60 34
1 μΜ	-		-	-	-	86 74
0.5 μΜ	-		-	- -	(+) (+)	126 44
0.1μΜ	-		-	(+) (+)	+ +	108 130
0.05μΜ	-		-	(+) (+)	+ +	3810 2300
0.01μΜ	-		(+) (+)	++	++ ++	3800 23000
GPGR	Day 4	P24(fp:/fml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-		-	-	(+) (+)	152 152
1 μΜ	-		-	-	(+) (+)	316 343
0.5 μΜ	-		-	* -	+ +	23000 15810
0.1μΜ	-		(+) (+)	+ +	+	5810 23000
0.05μΜ	(+) (+)		+ +	+ +	++	13810 12980
0.01μΜ	(+) (+)		+	++	++	23810 23810
GFGR valade acti	Day4	P23(pg/ml)	Days	DayG	Day 7	P29(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-		-	-	-	2 2
1 μΜ	-		-	-	-	53 64
0.5 μΜ	-		-	-	+ +	2740 2840
0.1μΜ	-		(+) (+)	+ +	+ +	2173 9810
0.05μΜ	-		(+) (+)	+ +	++	9860 17800
0.01μΜ	-		++	++	++/T ++	3800 21300
(PREPA	Day4	P24(pg/ml)	Days	Days	Day 7	P20(pg/ml)
5 μΜ	-		-	-	(+) (+)	99 100
1 μΜ	-		-	- -	(+) (+)	117 119
0.5 μΜ	-		-	-	+ +	2070 5410
0.1μΜ	-		(+) (+)	+ +	+++	2837 9310
0.05μΜ	-		(+) (+)	+ +	++	4230 8910
0.01μΜ	•		+ +	++	++/T ++/T	15650 16810

Table 7 (continued)

CPCRA volumbeedd	Day 4)	P20(p g/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P20(pg ml)
5 μΜ	•		-	-	-	2.7
	-		-	-	-	3
1 μΜ	-		-	-	-	13
	-		<u> </u>	<u> </u>		10
0.5 μΜ	•		-	•	(+)	234
	~		-		(+)	576
0.1μΜ	-		-	(+)	+	2356
	-			(+)	+	2416
0.05μΜ	-		(+)	+	+	3810
			(+)	+	+	11820
0.01μΜ	•		+	++	++	13870
l ·	-		+	++	++	11810

TCell	•	-	-	•	2
	-	 -	-	-	6
NL4-3 1/1000	(+)	+	++	++ /T	23810
	(+)	+	++	++/T	15670
	, ,			++ /T	19750

<u>Table 8</u>

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV 1 NDK

**************************************	Nav4 *	W0.90//5=/=0	STATE TO STATE OF THE STATE OF		PERSONAL PROPERTY.	W DISTRIBUTE OF THE
	Bar Day 4 Bar Bar	**P*24 (pg/mi)	PATA JURY STATE	Day 0.4		2733
5 μΜ	-		•	-	+	
	-		-	-	+	2400
1 μΜ	-		(+)	+	+	2507
	-		(+)	+	+	3810
0.5 μΜ	-		+	++	++	21110
	-		+	++	++	23810
0.1μΜ	-		+	++	++	23810
	-		+	++	++	23810
0.05μΜ	(+)		+	++	++	23810
1	(+)		+	++	++	23810
0.01μΜ	+		+	++	++	23810
	+		+	++	++	23810
0.005μΜ	+		+	++	++	23810
	+		+	++	++	23810
GPG	Day4	P.24 (pg/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Dy7	P20(pg/ml) =
avaleric acid	THE PARTY TO	ALC: PROPERTY.				3 11 1 1 1 1 1 1 1
5 μΜ	-		-	-	(+)	284
· ·	-		-	-	(+)	217
1 μΜ			-	-	+	2810
	-		-	-	+	1840
0.5 μΜ	-		-	+	++	2578
,	-		-	+	++	3140
0.1μΜ	-		-	+	++	3507
'	-		-	+	++	3670
0.05μΜ	-		(+)	++	++	11810
'	-		(+)	++	++	15879
0.01μΜ	(+)		+	++	++	23810
	(+)		+	++	++	23810
I						
0.005μΜ	(+)		+	++	++	23810

Table 8 (continued)

GRGR	Day 4	P20(pg/ml)	Day S	Day6	Day 7	P20(p2/ml)
5 μΜ	-		•	+	++	2840
	•		-	+	++	7810
1 μΜ	-		-	+	++	9870
	-		-	+	++	13890
0.5 μΜ	-		(+)	++	++	9810
	-		(+)	++	++	15856
0.1μΜ	-		(+)	++	++	21810
	-		(+)	++	++	23870
0.05μΜ	-		+	++	++	23810
0.01.34	•		+	++	++	23810 23810
0.01μΜ	-		++	++	++	23810
0.005μΜ	-		+	++	++/T	23810
υιυυσμινι	-		+	++	++/T	23810
Gran	Day4	P23(pg/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
Corons Verlegies of the lay	Letter (R SA (1) (S) (TITA)	Day's	Lecty 6	Lie V	ए दर्भ (विश्वेतात)
5 μM	_		-	(+)	+	3810
3 μινι	_		_	(+)	+	3810
1 μΜ	-		-	+	++	2840
1 p.171	_		<u>-</u>	+	++	3810
0.5 μΜ	-		-	+	++	7810
0.0 10.12	_		-	+	++	3840
0.1μΜ	-	 	(+)	++	++	17890
	-		(+)	++	· ++	23810
0.05μΜ	-		(+)	++	++	23810
,	-		(+)	++	++	23810
0.01μΜ	(+)		+	++	++	23810
-	(+)		+	++	++	23810
0.005μΜ	(+)		+	++	++	23810
,	(+)	1	+	++	++	23810
GRGRA	Day 4	P24(p2/ml)	Day S	Day 6	Day 7	P23(pg/ml)
GRGRA 5 μM		P23(pg/ml)			Day 7 +	P24 (pg/ml) 2726
5 μΜ	Day 4	P23(p2/ml)		Day 6 - -	Day 7 + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070
	Day 4	P2\$(fp://ml)	Day 5 - - -	Day 6 - - +	Day 7 + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070
5 μM 1 μM	Day4	P24(17/4ml)	Day S - - - -	Day 6 - - + +	Day7 + + + ++	2726 2070 3070 2403
5 μΜ	Day4 - -	P24(174/ml)	Day 5 - - -	Day 6 + +	Day 7 + + + ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	Day()	P24(174/ml)	Day S	Day6 + + + ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420
5 μM 1 μM	Day4)	P2((1)=(1ml)	Day 5 (+)	Day6 + + + ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day()	P2((1)=(1-11)	Day S (+) (+)	Day6 + + + ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	Day4)	P2((1)=(1-11)	DayS (+) (+) (+)	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM	Day()	P2((1)(1)(mi))	DayS (+) (+) (+) (+)	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day()	P2((1)(1)(mi))	DayS (+) (+) (+) +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.05μM	Day() (+) (+)	P2((1)(1)(mi))	DayS (+) (+) (+) + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM	Day4)	P23(1)1/mi)	DayS (+) (+) (+) + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM	Day4		DayS (+) (+) (+) + + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM	Day4)	P23(pg/ml)	DayS (+) (+) (+) + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM 0.005μM	Day4		DayS (+) (+) (+) + + +	Day6 + + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	Day 7 + + + ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valericacid 5 μM	Day4		DayS (+) (+) (+) + + + + DayS	Day6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + Day6	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM 0.005μM	Day()		DayS	Day6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + Day6	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valeric acid 5 μM 1 μM	Day 4)		DayS	Day6 + + + + + + + + + + + Day6	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valericacid 5 μM	Day()		DayS	Day 6	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403 3810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valericacid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	Day 4)		DayS	Day 6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + Day 6 + +	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403 3810 7810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valeric acid 5 μM 1 μM	Day()		DayS	Day 6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + Day 6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403 3810 7810 5600
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valerfe acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day 4)		DayS	Day 6	Day7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403 3810 7810 5600 6400
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valericacid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM	Day()		DayS	Day6	Day 7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403 3810 7810 5600 6400 3810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valeric acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day 4		DayS	Day 6 + + + + + + + + + + + Day 6 + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	Day7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 P24(pg/ml) 32 108 2000 2403 3810 7810 5600 6400 3810 11789
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valerfe acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day 4)		DayS	Day 6	Day7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 23810 7810 5600 6400 3810 11789 13810
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valeric acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day()		DayS	Day6	Day7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810 108 2000 2403 3810 7810 5600 6400 3810 11789 13810 18710
5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.005μM GPGRA valeric acid 5 μM 1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	Day 4		DayS	Day 6	Day7 + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	P24(pg/ml) 2726 2070 3070 2403 2070 5420 13840 9310 13010 10910 15650 16810 23810 23810 23810 23810 7810 5600 6400 3810 11789 13810

Table 8 (continued)

SPCS	Day4	P24(p g/ml)	Day S	DayG	Day 7	P20(pg/ml)
monomer						
ල්ල වූ වූ වෙන වැඩි						
5 μΜ	-		-	-	-	123
	-		-	-	-	345
1 μΜ	-		•	-	(+)	1325
	-		<u>-</u>	<u>-</u>	(+)	4345
0.5 μΜ	•		-	+	++	11840
	-	•	-	+	++	12240
0.1μΜ	-	·	+	++	++	11810
	-		+	++	++	15307
0.05μΜ	-		+	++	++	23810
·	-		+	++	++	21810
0.01μΜ	-		+	++	++ /T	21810
	-		+	+++	++/T	21810
0.005μΜ	-		+	++	++ /T	23810
	•		+	++	++/T	23810
SPCS	Day4	P23(pg/ml)	Day S	Day6	Day 7	P23(109/ml)
5 μM	-		•	-	-	12
5 μΜ	-		•	-	-	12 240
`	- - -		-	- - -	- - (+)	12
5 μM 1 μM	- - -		-	- - -	(+) (+)	12 240 1692 3776
1 μΜ	- - - -		- - -		(+) (+)	12 240 1692
`	-			- + +	(+) ++ ++	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840
1 μM 0.5 μM	-		-	- +	(+)	12 240 1692 3776 15173
1 μΜ	-		- (+)	- + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850
1 μM 0.5 μM	-		-	- + +	(+) ++ ++ ++	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	- - - -		- (+) (+)	- + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM	- - - - -		- (+) (+) +	- + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM	- - - - - -		(+) (+) + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM	- - - - - -		(+) (+) + +	- + + + + + ++ ++	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM	- - - - - -		- (+) (+) + + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM	- - - - - -		- (+) (+) + + + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM	- - - - - -		- (+) (+) + + + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.01μM	- - - - - - - - - -		- (+) (+) + + + + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810
1 μM 0.5 μM 0.1μM 0.05μM 0.01μM 0.01μM	- - - - - - - - - -		- (+) (+) + + + + +	- + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + + +	(+) ++ ++ ++ ++ ++/T ++/T ++/T ++/T	12 240 1692 3776 15173 12840 18810 20850 23810 23810 23810 23810 23810

Table 9

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV-1 subtype B NL 4-3

Name	Founda	IC ₅₀	IC100
		(MM))	(MM))
GPG	GPG	0.01	5
		0.01	5
GPG valeric acid	GPG-NHCH2CH2CH2COOH	0.01	0.5
		0.01	1
GPGR	GPGR	0.06	5
		0.1	>5
GPGR valeric acid	GPGR-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.03	5
		0.01	1
GPGRA	GPGRA	0.03	0.5
		0.02	>5
GPGRA valeric acid	GPGRA-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.01	0.1
		0.01	1
SPC3 monomer valeric acid	GPGRAF-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.05	5
SPC3	(GPGRAF) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.5	5

<u>Table 10</u>

Antiviral Activity Experiment on C8166 cells with HIV 1 NDK

Name	Formula	ICso (mM)	IC100 ((11111)
GPG	GPG	0.5	>5
GPG valeric acid	GPG-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.02	5
GPGR	GPGR	0.5	>5
GPGR valeric acid	GPGR-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.3	>5
GPGRA	GPGRA	0.04	>5
GPGRA valeric acid	GPGRA-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	>5	5
SPC3 monomer valeric acid	GPGRAF-NHCH2CH2CH2CH2COOH	0.2	5
SPC3	(GPGRAF) ₈ -K ₄ -K ₂ -K-NHCH ₂ CH ₂ COOH	0.6	5

CLAIMS

- 1. A compound comprising a water soluble antiviral peptide including one of the sequences GPG and RQGY and, bonded to the C-end of the peptide, a terminator which is either (a) an ω-amino-fatty acid having from 4 to 10 carbon atoms and from 0 to 2 carbon-carbon double bonds or (b) a peptidic cell membrane penetrating agent.
- A compound according to claim 1 in which the peptide is a multiple branch peptide
 construction (MBPC), each branch of which contains the peptide sequence GPG and the
 core of which is formed from lysine residues, and the terminator is bonded to the root
 lysine residue.
- A compound according to claim 2 in which each branch of the MBPC is a peptide GPGRAF.
- A compound according to claim 1 in which the peptide is a multiple branch peptide construction (MBPC), each branch of which contains the peptide sequence RQGY and the core of which is formed from lysine residues, and the terminator is bonded to the root lysine residue.
- 5. A compound according to claim 4 in which each branch of the MBPC is a peptide RQGYSPL.
- A compound according to claim 4 in which each branch of the MBPC is a peptide RQGYS.
- 7. A compound according to claim 3, elaim 5 or elaim 6 in which the MBPC has two branches.
- 8. A compound according to claim 3, elaim 5 or elaim 6 in which the MBPC has eight branches.

- A compound according to claim 1 in which the peptide is GPG, GPGR, GPGRA or GPGRAF.
- 10. A compound according to claim 1 in which the peptide is RQGYS or RQGYSPL.
- 11. A compound according to <u>claim 1</u> any preceding claim in which the terminator is an ω -amino saturated fatty acid having from 4 to 8 carbon atoms.
- 12. A compound according to claim 1 any preceding claim in which the terminator is an ω -amino saturated fatty acid having from 4 to 6 carbon atoms.
- 13. A compound according to claim 1 any preceding claim in which the terminator is γ -aminobutyric acid, δ -aminovaleric acid or ϵ -aminocaproic acid.
- 14. A compound according to <u>claim 1</u> any preceding claim in which the terminator is a TAT-derived peptide, penetratin® or Kpam.
- 15. A compound according to claim 5 in which the MBPC has two branches.
- 16. A compound according to claim 6 in which the MBPC has two branches
- 17. A compound according to claim 5 in which the MBPC has eight branches.
- 18. A compound according to claim 6 in which the MBPC has eight branches.

ABSTRACT

Modified antiviral peptides with increased activity and cell membrane affinity

The activity and cell membrane affinity of certain antiviral multiple branch peptide constructions, including those known from WO 95/07929, WO 98/29443 and WO 03/95479, can be improved by bonding to the C-end of the peptide a terminator which is either (a) an ω -amino-fatty acid having from 4 to 10 carbon atoms and from 0 to 2 carbon-carbon double bonds or (b) a peptidic cell membrane penetrating agent. The improvement is so marked that in some cases the number of branches can be reduced, sometimes to a single branch, and/or that the branches may be shortened.

The preferred ω -amino-fatty acids are γ -aminobutyric acid, δ -aminovaleric acid and ϵ -aminocaproic acid. The peptidic cell membrane penetrating agent is suitably a TAT-derived peptide, penetratin® or Kpam.